Music Progression Skills







Sing & Play

	Pearl (Reception)	Ruby (Year 1)	Sapphire (Year 2)	Emerald (Year 3/4)	Amethyst (Year 4/5	Onyx (Year 6)
Term 1	Sing with a sense of pitch, following the shape of the melody with their voices.	Sing a cumulative song from memory, remembering the order of the verses.	Play the melody on a tuned percussion instrument.	Sing a call-and-response song in groups, holding long notes confidently	Sing a sea shanty expressively, with accurate pitch and a strong beat.	Sing a syncopated melody accurately and in tune. Sing and play a class
	Mark the beat of the song with actions.	Play classroom instruments on the beat.	Sing with good diction.	Play melodic and rhythmic accompaniments to a song.	Play bass notes, chords, or rhythms to accompany	arrangement of the song with a good sense of ensemble.
	Use the voice to adopt different roles and characters.	Copy a leader in a call- and-response song, show the shape of the pitch moving with actions, and		Sing by improvising simple melodies and rhythms.	singing. Sing in unison while playing an instrumental	
	Match the pitch of a 4-note (la-so-mi-do) call-and-	sing using mi-re-do.			beat (untuned).	
	response song. Sing a tune with 'stepping'	Sing a unison song rhythmically and in tune.			Keep the beat playing a 'cup' game.	
	and 'leaping' notes. Play a steady beat on percussion instruments.				Develop and practise techniques for singing and performing in a Gospel style.	
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Term 2	Develop a sense of beat by performing actions to music.	Chant together rhythmically, marking rests accurately	Chant Grandma rap rhythmically and perform to an	Sing the syncopated rhythms in Latin dance and recognise a verse/chorus	Sing a song in two parts with expression and an understanding of its	Sing a round accurately and in a legato style.
	Sing an action song with changes in speed.	Play a simple ostinato on untuned percussion.	accompaniment children create.	structure.	origins	Sing a chorus in two-part harmony with dancing on the beat.

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	Play along with percussion		Chant and play	Play a one-note part,	Sing a round and	
	instruments.	Sing an echo song while	rhythms using the	contributing to the chords	accompany themselves	Decipher a graphic score.
		tapping the beat, and clap	durations of 'walk'	accompanying the verses.	with a beat.	
	Perform the story as a class.	the rhythm of the words,	(crotchet), 'jogging'			Play Twinkle, twinkle, little
		understanding there is one	(quavers), and 'shh'	Learn a part on tuned	Play a drone and chords	star.
	Sing and play a rising and	beat for each syllable.	(crotchet rest) from	percussion and play as	to accompany singing.	
	falling melody, following the		stick notation.	part of a whole-class		
	shape with voices and on	Sing a simple singing		performance.		
	tuned percussion.	game, adding actions to	Learn a clapping game	1 0		
		show a developing sense of	to Hi lo chicka lo that	Sing Part 2 of a partner		
	Sing in call-and-response	beat.	shows the rhythm.	song rhythmically. Adopt a		
	and change voices to make a			rhythmic accompaniment		
	buzzing sound.	Create, interpret, and	Sing and play,	while singing.		
	Buzzing sound.	perform simple graphic	performing composed	Witte surgurg.		
	Dlau an accompaniment			Dlay monosting whith mic		
	Play an accompaniment	scores.	pieces for an audience.	Play repeating rhythmic		
	using tuned and untuned			patterns.		
	percussion, and recognise a		Learn a simple rhythm			
	change in tempo.		pattern and perform it	Count musically		
			with tempo and volume			
			changes.			
			Learn about the musical			
			terms crescendo,			
			diminuendo,			
			accelerando, ritenuto.			
			Follow signals from a			
			conductor.			
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Term 3	Sing a song that uses a call-	Perform actions to music,	Demonstrate an	Perform call-and-response	Sing/chant a part within	Sing the chorus of Throw,
Tant 5	and-response structure.	reinforcing a sense of beat.	internalised sense of	rhythms vocally, by ear,	a kecak vocal	catch in three-part harmony
			pulse through singing	using word rhythms, then	performance.	with dancing.
	Play sea sound effects on	Sing and chant songs and	games.	transfer rhythms to body	performance.	white during.
	percussion instruments.	rhymes expressively	guittes.	percussion/instruments.	Sing and play the melody	
	per cussion in a contra menus.	ingines expressively	Sing confidently in	per cussion of a road articlas.	of Kis nay banaayaa.	
	With come support play -	Sing of the next of a call		Darform strend name	of Kis huy buruuyuu.	
	With some support, play a	Sing either part of a call-	Polish, and play a	Perform vocal percussion	Sing in a (name way of	
	call-and-response phrase	and-response song.	cumulative game with	as part of a group.	Sing in a 4-part round	
	comprising a short, stepping		spoken call-and-		accompanied with a	
	tune (C-D-E).	Play the response sections	response sections.	Play the chords of Fly with	pitched ostinato.	
		on tuned percussion using		the stars on tuned		
	Play different instruments	the correct beater hold.	Play an	percussion as part of a		
	with control.		accompaniment on	whole-class performance.		
		Echo sing a line	tuned percussion and			
	Explore dynamics with their	independently with teacher	invent a 4-beat body	Sing solo or in a pair in		
	voices and instruments.	leading, then move on to	percussion pattern.	call-and-response style.		
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Sing a melody in waltz time and perform the actions.	pair singing in echo format.		
Transfer actions to sounds played on percussion instruments.			
Sing a song while performing a sequence of dance steps.			
Play a two-note accompaniment, playing the beat, on tuned or untuned percussion.			

	Pearl (Reception)	Ruby (Year 1)	Sapphire (Year 2)	Emerald (Year 3/4)	Amethyst (Year 4/5	Onyx (Year 6)
Term 1	 Pearl (Reception) Make up new words and actions about different emotions and feelings. Explore making sound with voices and percussion instruments to create different feelings and moods. Explore storytelling elements in the music and create a class story inspired by the piece. Make up a simple accompaniment using percussion instruments. Make up new lyrics and vocal sounds for different kinds of transport. 	Ruby (Year 1) Participate in creating a dramatic group performance using kitchen themed props. Compose music to march to using tuned and untuned percussion. Experiment with sounds (timbre) to create aquarium-inspired music and draw the sounds using graphic symbols.	Sapphire (Year 2) Improvise rhythms along to a backing track using the note C or G. Compose call-and- response music. Select instruments and compose music to reflect an animal's character. Invent simple patterns using voices, body percussion, and then instruments. Follow signals given by a conductor/leader. Structure compositional ideas into a bigger piece. Improvise solos using instruments.	Emerald (Year 3/4) Compose a pentatonic ostinato. Compose a simple song using symmetry to develop a melody, structure, and rhythmic accompaniment.	Amethyst (Year 4/5 Compose body percussion patterns to accompany a sea shanty. Write these out using rhythm grids. Improvise and compose, 'doodling' with sound, playing around with pitch and rhythm to create a strong hook. Create fragments of songs that can be developed into fully fledged songs.	Onyx (Year 6) Compose a syncopated melody using the notes of the C major scale. Create their own song lyrics. Fit their lyrics to a pulse, creating a chant. Write a melody and sing it. Structure their ideas into a complete song.
	Pearl (Reception)	Ruby (Year 1)	Sapphire (Year 2)	Emerald (Year 3/4)	Amethyst (Year 4/5	Onyx (Year 6)
Term 2	Explore the range and capabilities of voices through vocal play. Create a sound story using instruments to represent different animal sounds/ movements. Make up new lyrics and accompanying actions.	Compose word patterns in groups and melodies in pairs using mi-re-do (E-D- C). Compose musical sound effects and short sequences of sounds in response to a stimulus. Improvise question-and- answer conversations using percussion instruments.	Compose 4-beat patterns to create a new rhythmic accompaniment, using a looping app. Improvise and compose, structuring short musical ideas to form a larger piece. Begin to understand duration and rhythm notation.	Compose a 4-beat rhythm pattern to play during instrumental sections of a song. Working in small groups, sing a call-and-response song with an invented drone accompaniment. Explore ways to create word-based pieces of music.	Improvise freely over a drone. Show understanding of how a drum pattern, bassline, and riff fit together to create a memorable and catchy groove. Compose and perform drum patterns, basslines, and riffs on a variety of	Compose an 8-bar piece on percussion, in 3-time, and using chords F major and C major. Use music vocabulary and knowledge to discuss similarities and differences in pieces of music. Learn some simple choreography to accompany a disco song.

	Improvise a vocal/physical soundscape about minibeasts. Pearl (Reception)	Ruby (Year 1)	Structure musical ideas into a whole-class composition.	Explore ways to communicate atmosphere and effect. Emerald (Year 3/4)	instruments as part of a group. Engage the imagination, work creatively in movement in small groups, learning to share and develop ideas. Amethyst (Year 4/5	Create variations using a wide variety of composing techniques. Improvise on top of a repeating bassline. Onyx (Year 6)
Term 3	Develop a song by composing new words and adding movements and props. Improvise music with different instruments, following a conductor. Compose music based on characters and stories developed through listening to Beethoven's 5th symphony. Compose a 3-beat body percussion pattern and perform it to a steady beat. Invent and perform actions for new verses.	Create rhythm patterns, sequencing them, and 'fixing' them as compositions using simple notation. Attempt to record compositions with stick and other notations. Create musical phrases from new word rhythms that children invent.	Create action patterns in 2- and 3-time. Compose a soundtrack to a clip of a silent film. Understand and use notes of different duration. Understand and use notes of different pitch. Understand and use dynamics.	Invert simple patterns using rhythms and notes C-D-E. Compose music, structuring short ideas into a bigger piece. Notate, read, and follow a 'score'.	Compose a kecak vocal piece as part of a group. Improvise and compose, creating a piece in ternary form using a pentatonic scale, and containing an accompaniment, contrasting dynamics, and tempo. Notate their ideas to form a simple score to play from. Compose a simple accompaniment using tuned instruments. Create and perform their own class arrangement.	Create an accompaniment. Create an extended melody, with four distinct phrases. Experiment with harmony. Structure their ideas into a full soundtrack. Create a rhythmic piece for drums and percussion instruments.

<u>Listen & Appraise</u>

	Pearl (Reception)	Ruby (Year 1)	Sapphire (Year 2)	Emerald (Year 3/4)	Amethyst (Year 4/5	Onyx (Year 6)
Term 1	Identify and describe contrasts in tempo and dynamics. Begin to use musical terms (louder/ quieter, faster/slower, higher/lower). Respond to music in a range of ways (e.g. movement, talking, writing).	Listen and move in time to the song. Respond to musical characteristics through movement. Describe the features of a march using music vocabulary (e.g. that it has a steady beat, that soldiers 'march' to music, naming the instruments playing in the clips). Listen to 'Aquarium', reflecting the character of the music through movement.	Recognise and play echoing phrases by ear. Listen with increased concentration to sounds/music and respond by talking about them using music vocabulary, or physically with movement and dance. Identify different qualities of sound (timbre) (e.g. smooth, scratchy, clicking, ringing, and how they are made). Recognise and respond to changes of speed (tempo), the length of notes (duration – long/ short), short/detached/ smooth (articulation), and pitch (high/low) using music vocabulary, and/or movement.	Listen and identify where notes in the melody of the song go down and up. Begin to develop an understanding and appreciation of music from different musical traditions. Identify that the songs are from different places in the world, use different instruments, have a different beat, and are different speeds. Pupils can use some musical vocabulary to describe these things. Understand that a folk song is music that belongs to the people of a particular place. Identify how the pitch and melody of a song has been developed using symmetry.	Talk about the purpose of sea shanties and describe some of the features using music vocabulary. Recognise individual instruments and voices by ear. Listen to a selection of Gospel music and spirituals, and identify key elements that give the music its unique sound. Talk about music using appropriate music vocabulary (e.g. the ways the voices are used, the contrasting texture of solo voice and choir, singing in harmony, the lyrics etc.) Listen and appraise, identifying the structure of songs and analysing them to appreciate the role of metaphor. Understand techniques for creating a song, and develop a greater understanding of the songwriting process.	Listen to historical recordings of big band swing, and describe features of the music using music vocabulary. Explore the influences on an artist by comparing pieces of music from different genres. Identify features of timbre, instrumentation, and expression in an extract of recorded music. Use musical knowledge and vocabulary to discuss similarities and differences in pieces of music. Create a shadow movement piece in response to music.
	Pearl (Reception)	Ruby (Year 1)	Sapphire (Year 2)	Emerald (Year 3/4)	Amethyst (Year 4/5	Onyx (Year 6)
Term 2	Develop 'active' listening skills by recognising the 'cuckov call' in a piece of music (sv-mi).	Recognise the difference between a pattern with notes (pitched) and without (unpitched).	Show the following durations with actions: 'walk' (crotchet) and 'jogging' (quavers).	Listen to a range of Cuban pieces, understanding influences on the music	Listen and copy back simple rhythmic and melodic patterns.	Identify changes in texture between parts moving together (homophonic texture) and parts moving

	Enjoy moving freely and expressively to music. Listen to music and show the beat with actions. Use appropriate hand actions to mark a changing pitch. Listen to a piece of classical music and respond through dance.	Listen actively by responding to musical signals and musical themes using appropriate movement. Create a musical movement picture. Recognise how graphic symbols can represent sound.	Listen and appraise, with Jocus and attention to detail, recalling sounds and patterns. Listen to and analyse Jour pieces of music inspired by travel/vehicles.	and recognising some of its musical features. Develop active listening skills by responding to musical themes through movement. Understand the structure of rondo form (A-B-A-C-A). Develop a sense of beat and rhythmic pattern through movement. Experience call-and- response patterns through moving with a partner. Listen and compare how different composers have approached creating word- based compositions.	Identify drum patterns, basslines, and riffs, and play them using body percussion and voices. Develop listening skills and an understanding of how different instrumental parts interact (texture) by responding to each part through movement. Demonstrate an understanding of the history of Argentine Tango.	independently (polyphonic texture). Listen and appraise, recognising and identifying key musical features such as rhythm, tempo, timbre, structure, and instruments.
	Pearl (Reception)	Ruby (Year 1)	Sapphire (Year 2)	Emerald (Year 3/4)	Amethyst (Year 4/5	Onyx (Year 6)
Term 3	Listen to a range of sea- related pieces of music and respond with movement. Develop listening skills, identifying dynamics (forte, piano, crescendo, and diminuendo) across a range of different musical styles. Listen actively to music in 3/4 time. Find the beat and perform a clapping game with a partner. Listen to and talk about folk songs from North America.	Respond to musical signals and musical themes using movement, matching movements to musical gestures in the piece. Develop awareness of duration and the ability to move slowly to music. Create art work, drawing freely and imaginatively in response to a piece of music. Listen and copy rhythm patterns. Listen and copy call-and- response patterns on voices and instruments.	Listen actively and mark the beat by tapping, clapping, and swinging to the music. Listen and move, stepping a variety of rhythm patterns ('walk', 'jogging', 'skipty'). Understand and explain how beats can be grouped into patterns and identify them in familiar songs. Move freely and creatively to music using a prop. Listen and match the beat of others and recorded	Recognise and copy rhythms and pitches C-D- E. Move in time with the beat of the music. Talk about what they have learnt about Brazil and Carnival (e.g. samba batucada instruments, playing in call-and- response, samba schools, that in Brazil music helps communities thrive, that word rhythms are an important way to learn rhythm patterns, that you can freely express yourself at Carnival).	Develop knowledge and understanding of the Balinese musical forms of gamelan beleganjur and kecak. Listen and match vocal and instrumental sounds to each other, and to notation. Listen, appraise, and respond to music using drawings and words. Recognise that music can describe feelings and tell a story. Understand and recognise ternary form.	Identify ways songwriters convey meaning: through lyrics, the music, and the performance. Understand different ways that rhymes work in songs. Identify different elements of a song's structure. Understand the concept of identity and how you can express that in songs. Develop knowledge and understanding of a variety of musical styles from India, talking about them using music vocabulary.

a L C P u h	iccordingly. .isten to traditional and	Respond to and recognise crotchets and quavers, and make up rhythms using these durations to create accompaniment ideas for the song.		Demonstrate coordination and keeping a steady beat by dancing to bhangra music.
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